



Computer-Kemi: Tidlige visioner og moderne anvendelser

NSM, 14. februar 2014

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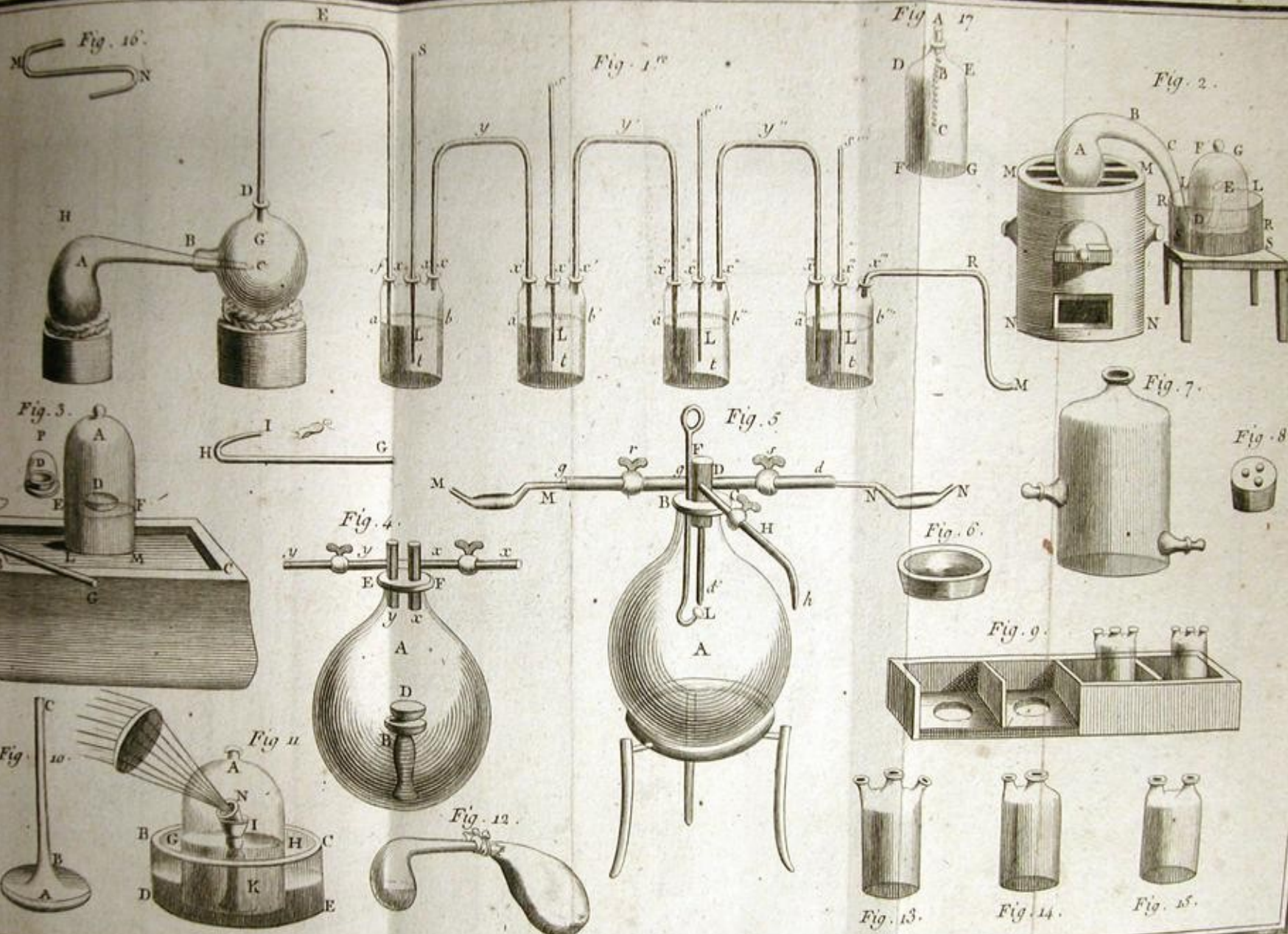
Program

1) Kort kulturhistorisk tilbageblik

Anvendelser af "Computer Kemi":

2) Strukturen af thiodibenzoylmethans fotoprodukt

3) Molekylstruktur af thiosulfonat S-estere



Antoine Laurent Lavoisier
(1743 – 1794)



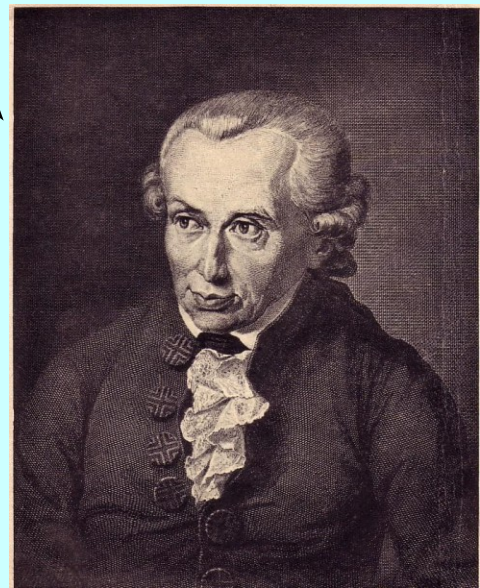
“Så længe vi ikke kender lovene for vekselvirkningerne mellem de kemiske stoffers bestanddele (en indsigt vi nok næppe nogensinde vil opnå), så vil kemi aldrig blive mere end et praktisk eksperimentelt fag.

“Kemien vil aldrig blive en egentlig naturvidenskab, fordi den vil være rent empirisk. En dybere forståelse vil være uopnåelig, fordi matematik ikke kan anvendes.”

(forkortet og oversat af JS-L)

Immanuel Kant (1786)

Metaphysische Anfangsgründe der Naturwissenschaft,
Hartknoch, Leipzig



”Alle forsøg på at anvende matematiske metoder i løsningen af kemiske spørgsmål må betragtes, nu og i al fremtid, som totalt fornuftsstridige og i modsætning til kemiens væsen [...]

”Hvis matematisk analyse nogensinde skulle få en fremtrædende plads i kemien – en vildfarelse der heldigvis er nærmest utænkelig – så vil det medføre en total undergang af kemien som videnskab”

(forkortet og oversat af JS-L)

Auguste Comte (1830)

Cours de philosophie positive

Schleicher, Paris

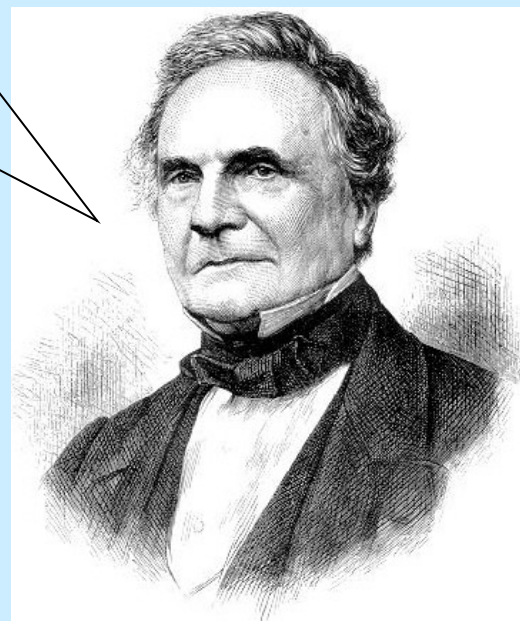


”Hele kemien, og med den krystallografien, vil blive genstand for matematisk analyse [...] som vil sætte os i stand til at forudsige egenskaberne af en hvilken som helst ny kemisk forbindelse, og muligvis også hvorledes denne forbindelse kan fremstilles”

(oversættelse JS-L)

Charles Babbage (1838)

Quoted in *Faster than Thought*, B. V. Bowden, ed.,
Sir Isaac Pitman & Sons, Ltd, London, 1953, p 12.



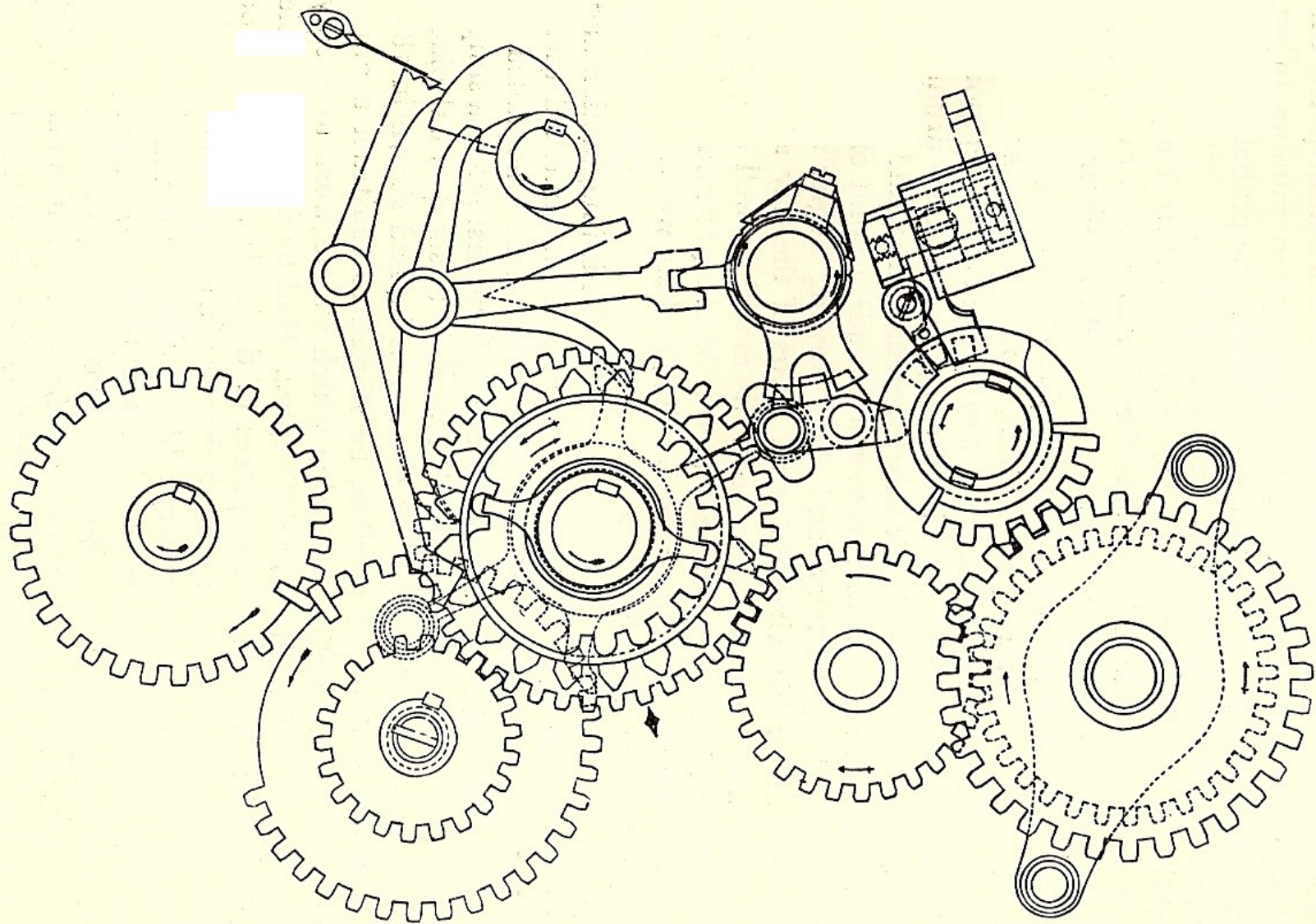
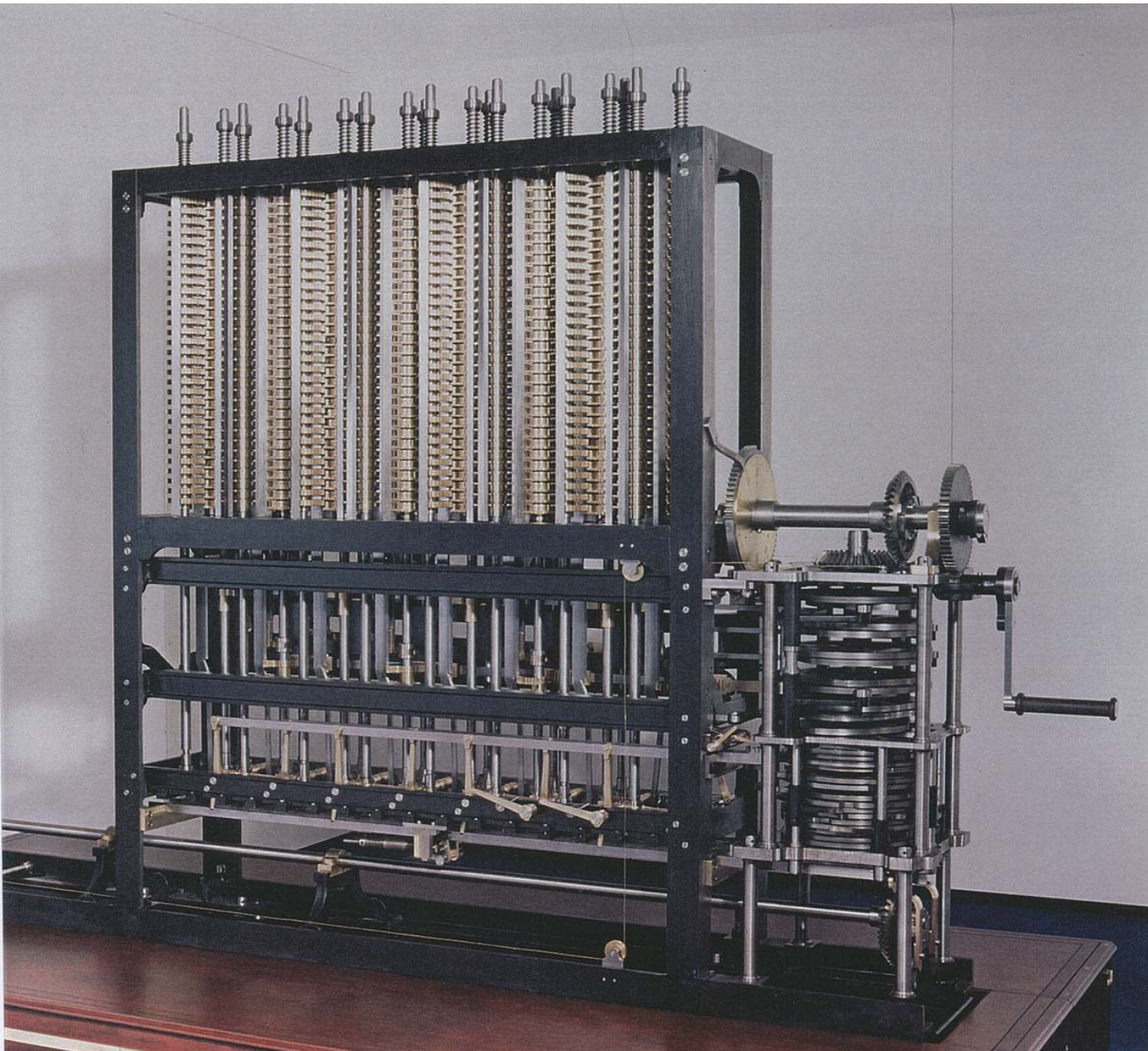
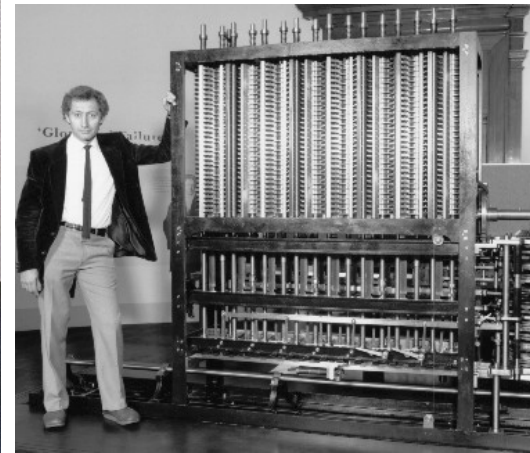


FIG. 1/1. One of Babbage's drawings of part of his engine

Charles Babbage's "Difference Engine No. 2"



Complete replica at the *London Science Museum*, constructed in 1991 from the drawings left behind by Babbage



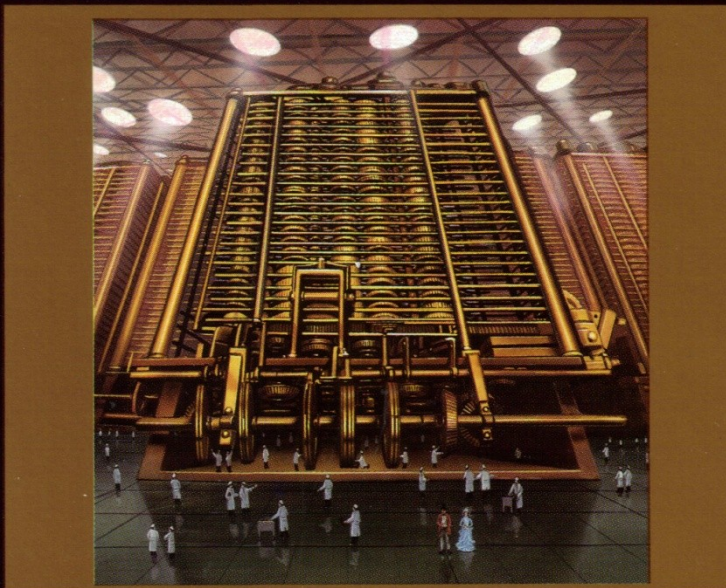
WILLIAM GIBSON

AUTHOR OF VIRTUAL LIGHT

BRUCE STERLING

AUTHOR OF HOLY FIRE

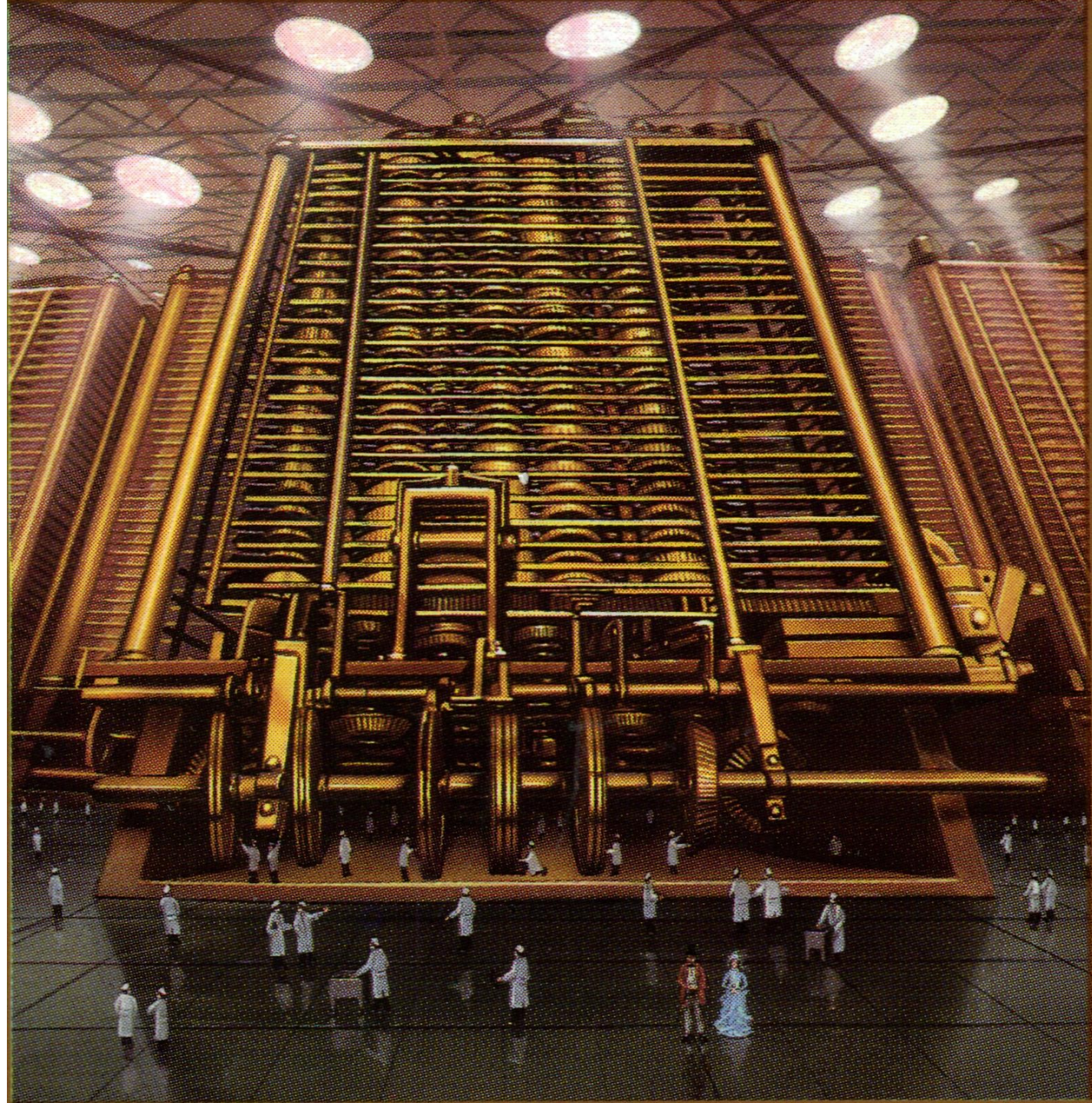
BANTAM BOOKS



THE DIFFERENCE ENGINE

"BREATHTAKING." —THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW

SPECTRA SPECIAL EDITIONS





ADA AUGUSTA
The Countess of Lovelace

Frontispiece

Øyvind Burrau: "Berechnung des Energiewertes des Wasserstoffmolekel-Ions (H_2^+) im Normalzustand",
Kgl. Danske Vid. Selsk. Math.-fys. Medd. 7, 3-18 (1927)

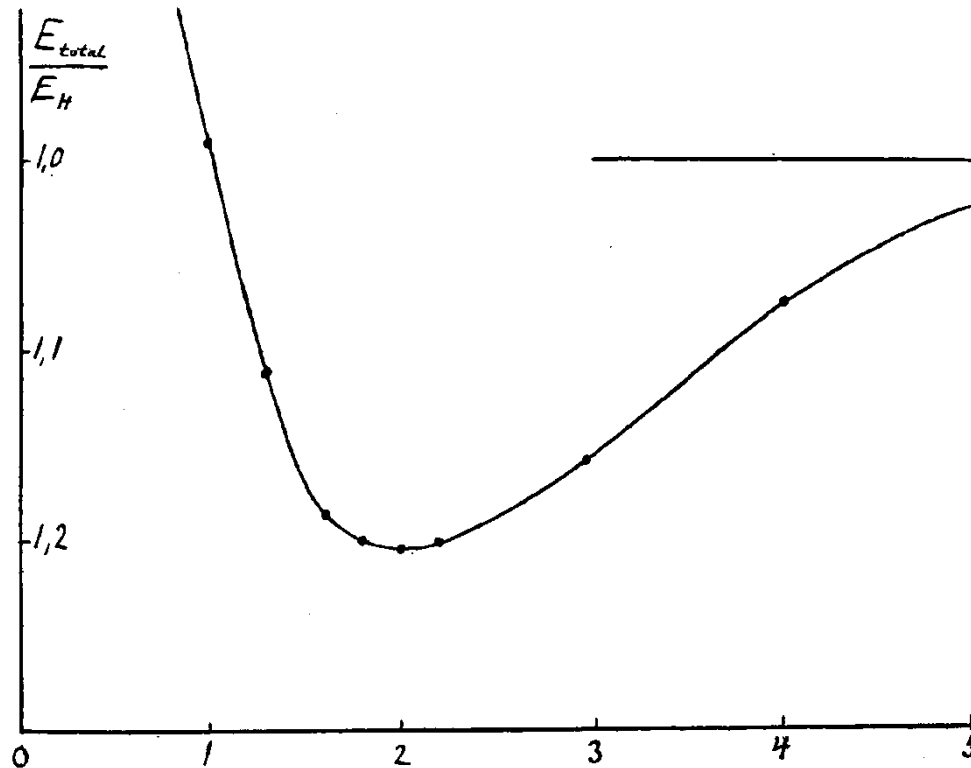
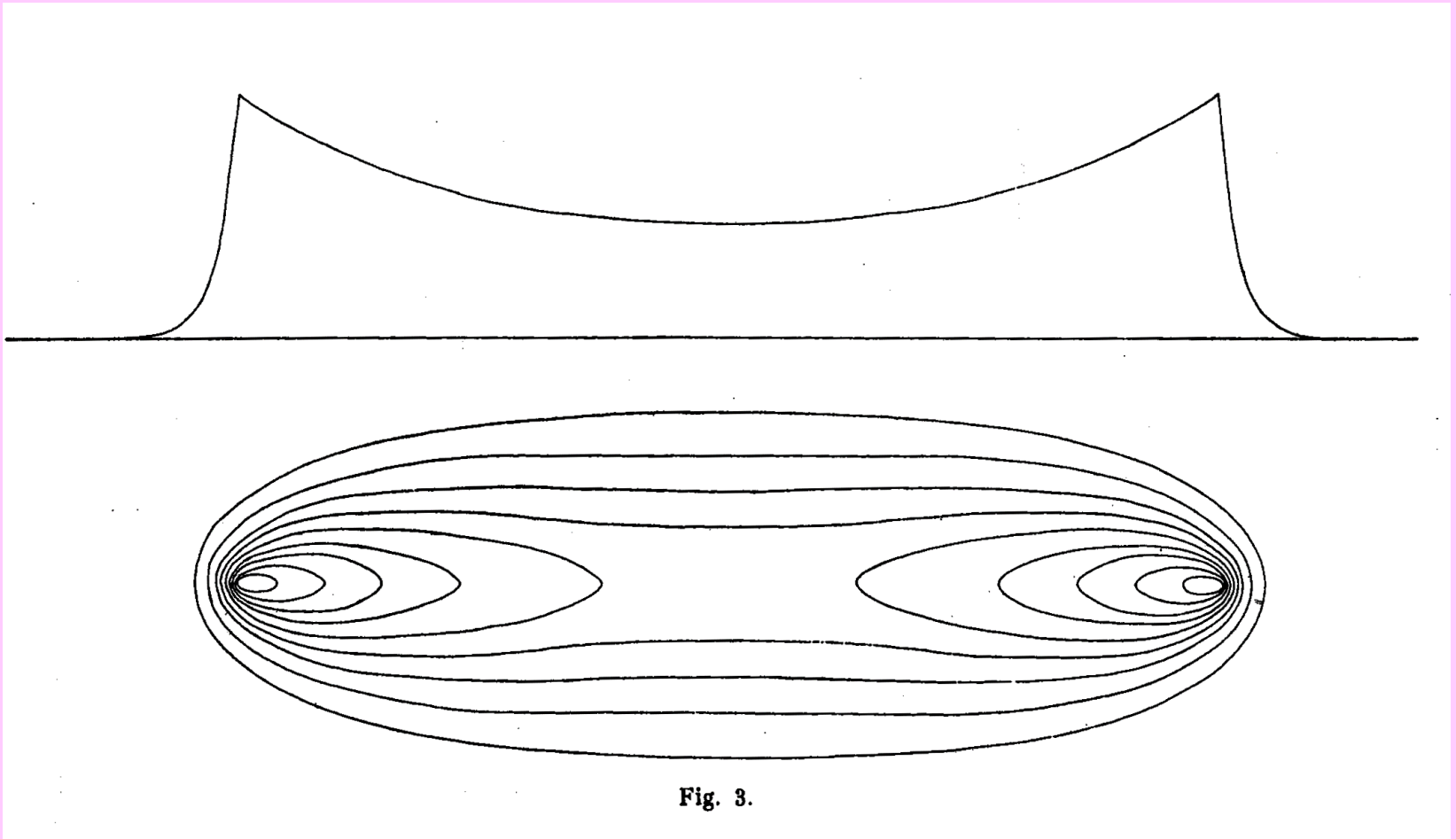
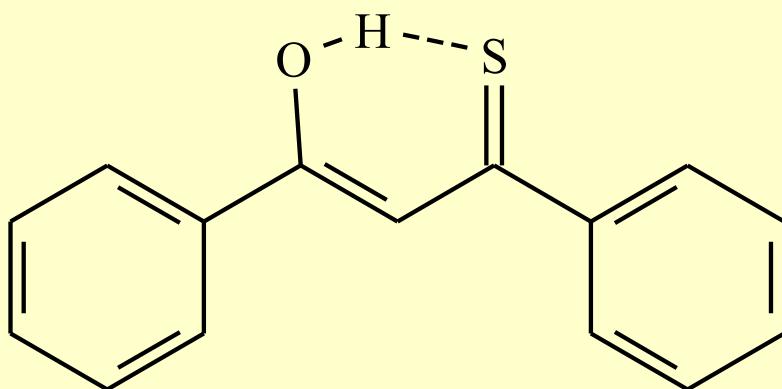


Fig. 2.

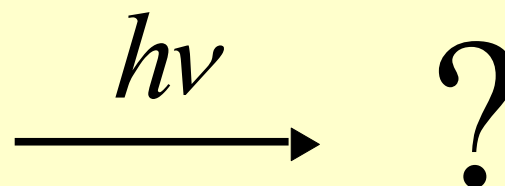
Øyvind Burrau: "Berechnung des Energiewertes des
Wasserstoffmolekel-Ions (H_2^+) im Normalzustand",
Kgl. Danske Vid. Selsk. Math.-fys. Medd. 7, 3-18 (1927)

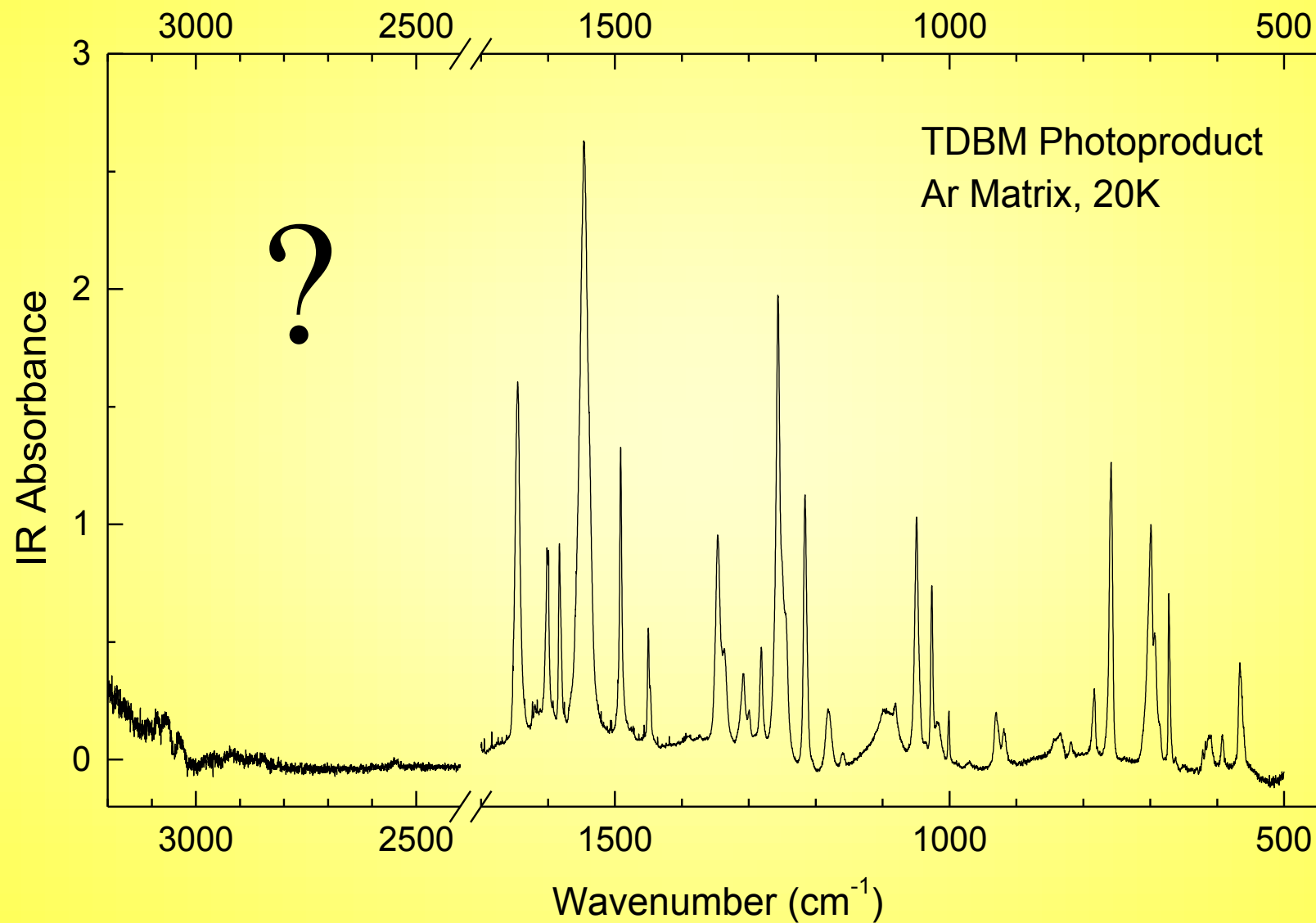


Fotoproduktet af thiodibenzoylmethan (TDBM)

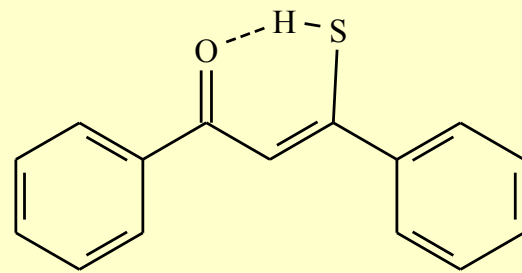
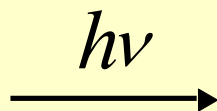
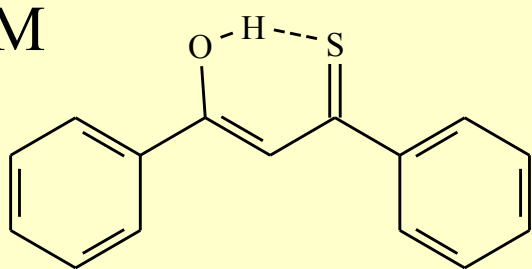


TDBM

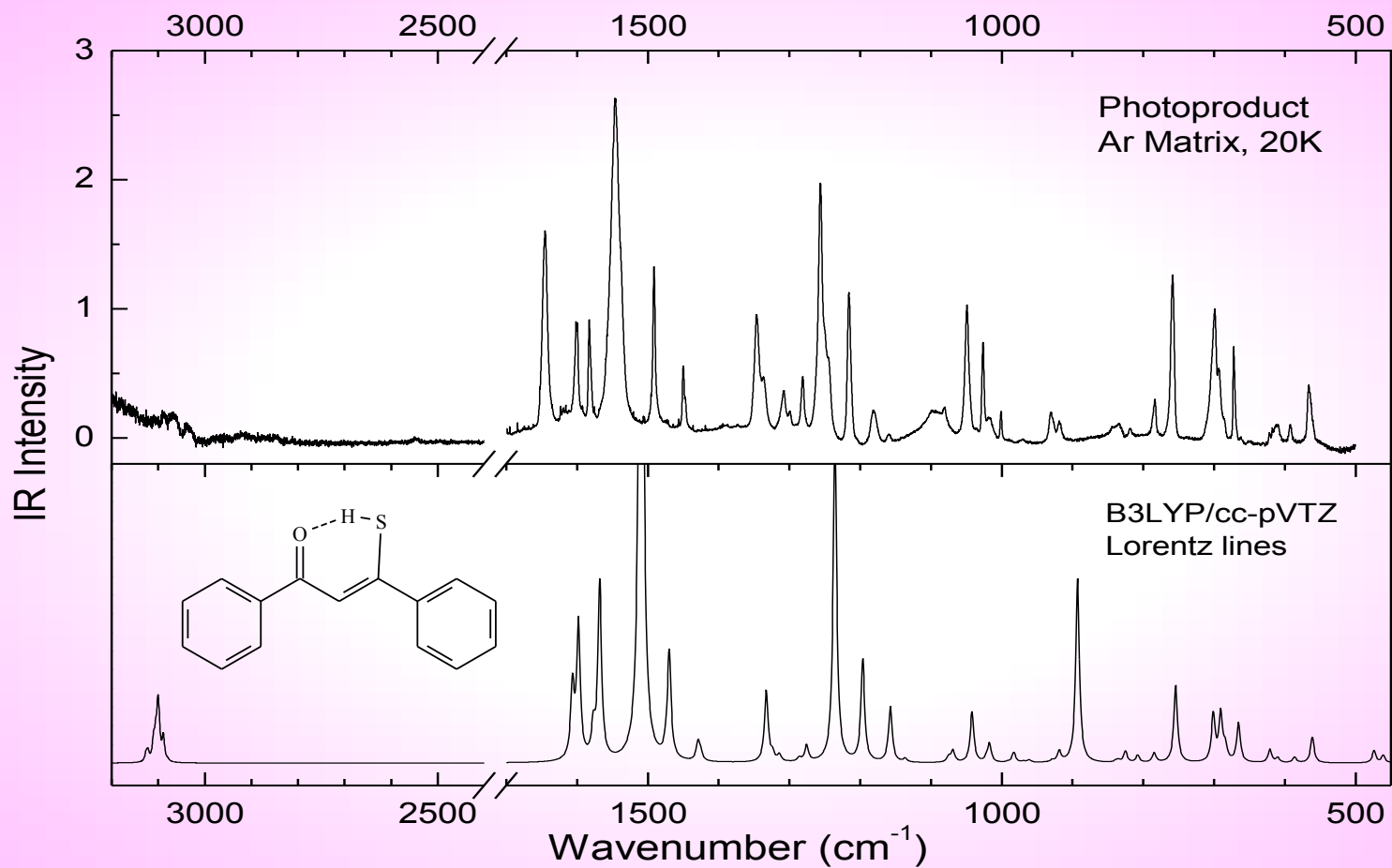




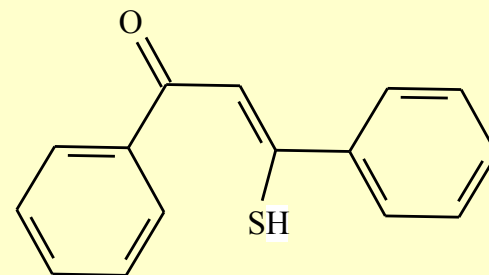
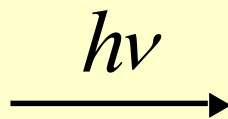
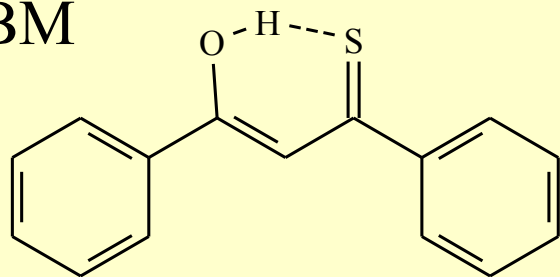
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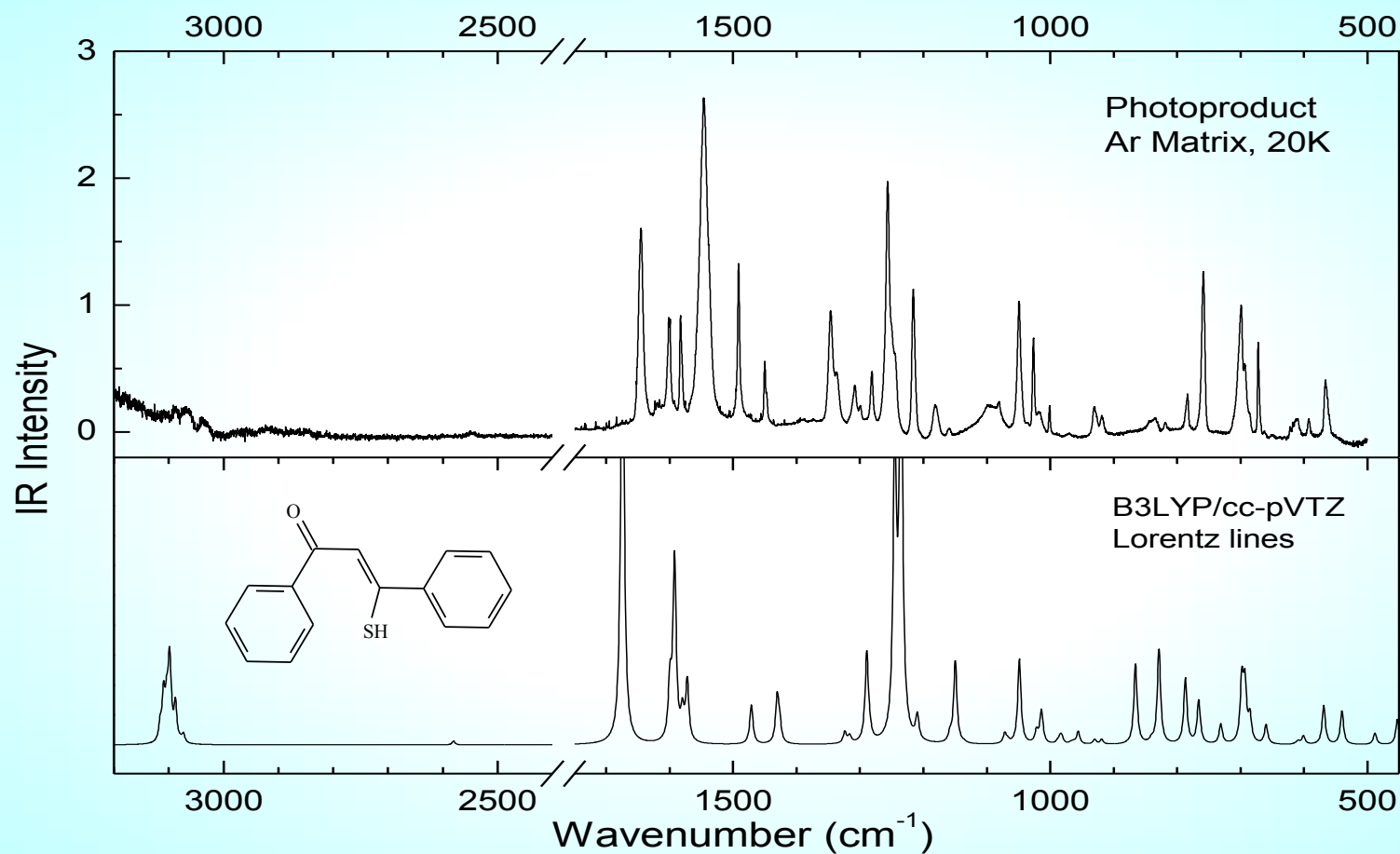
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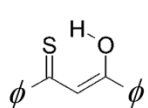
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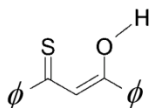
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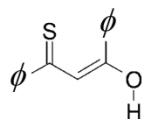
Enol configurations



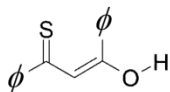
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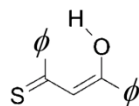
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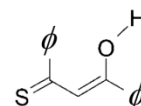
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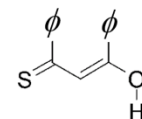
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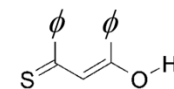
e-TCC



e-TCT

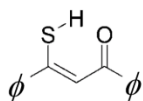


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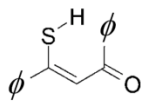


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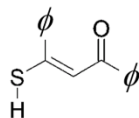
Thiol configurations



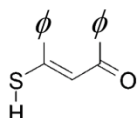
t-CCC



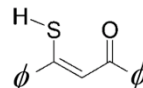
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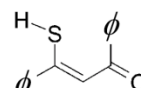
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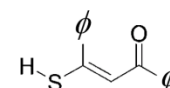
t-CTT



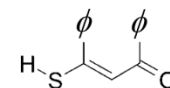
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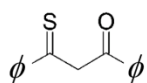


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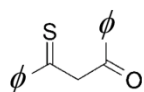


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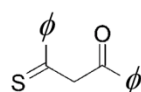
Diketo configurations



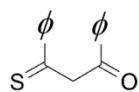
d-CC



d-CT (d-GG)

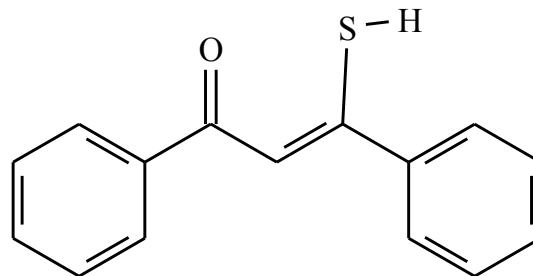
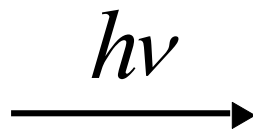
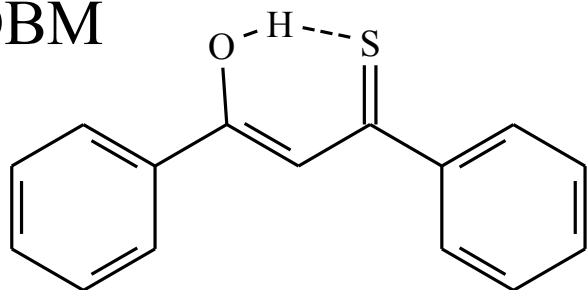


d-TC

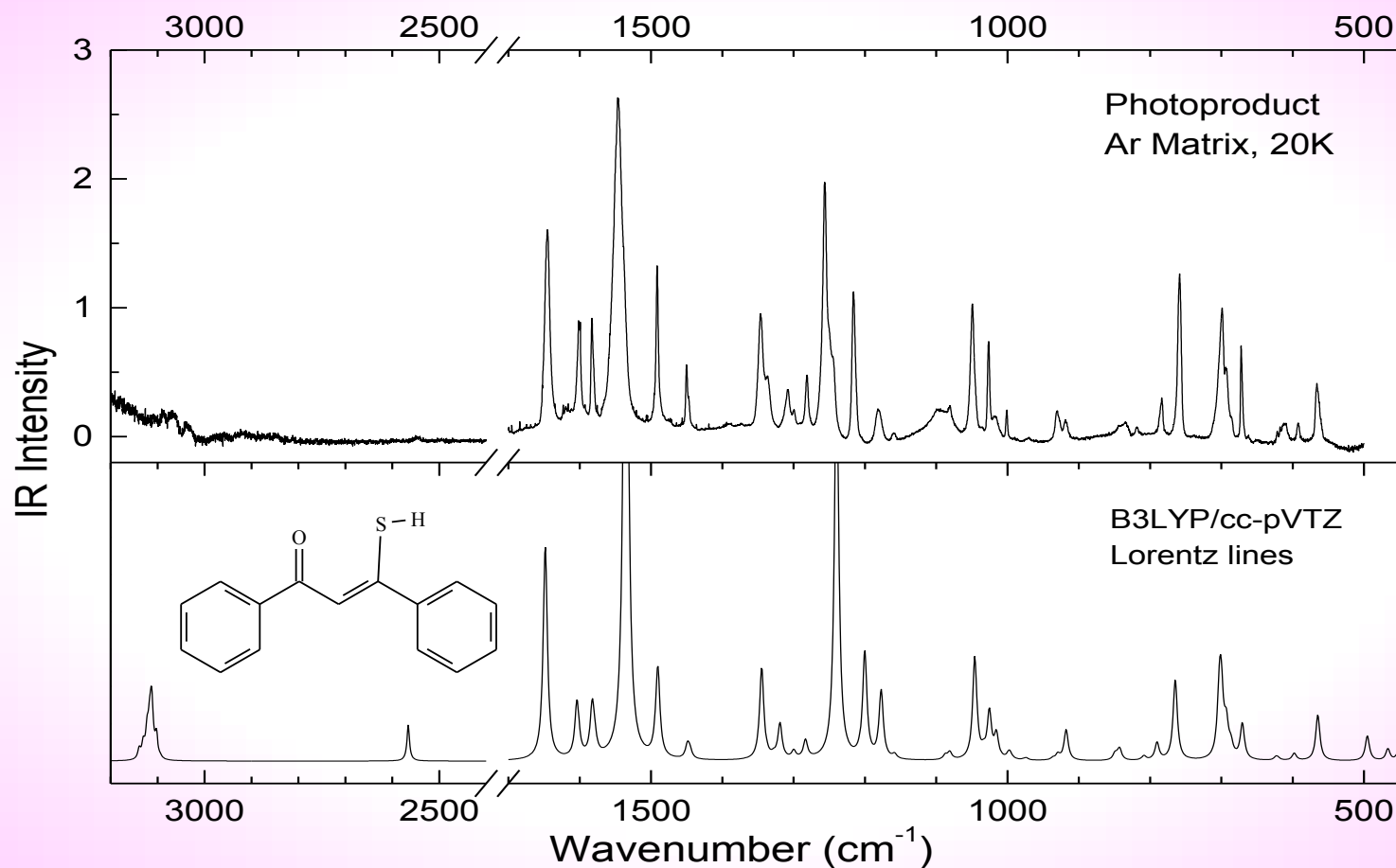


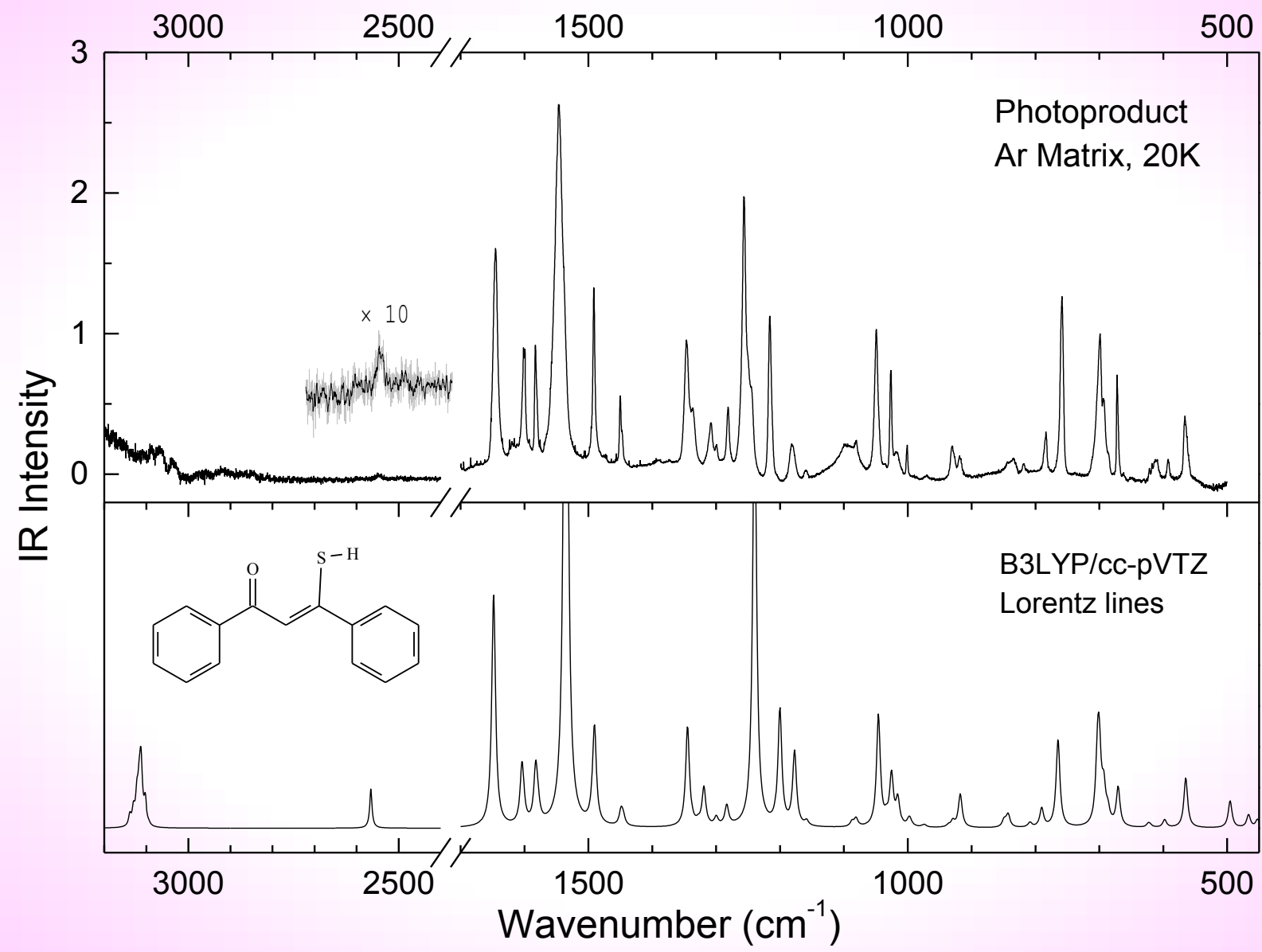
d-TT

TDBM



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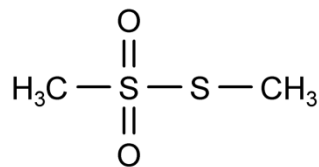




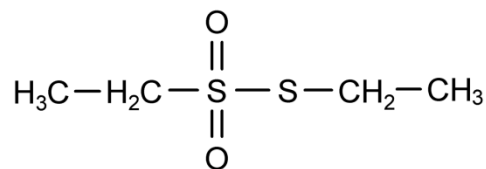
Molecular and vibrational structure of thiosulfonate S-esters

T.X.T. Luu, F. Duus, J. Spanget-Larsen
J. Mol. Struct. 2013

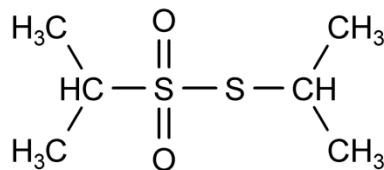
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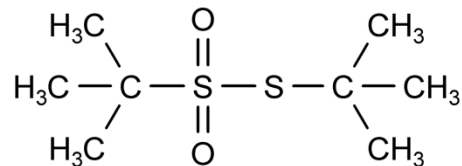
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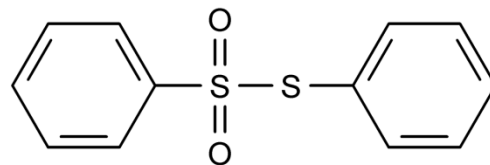
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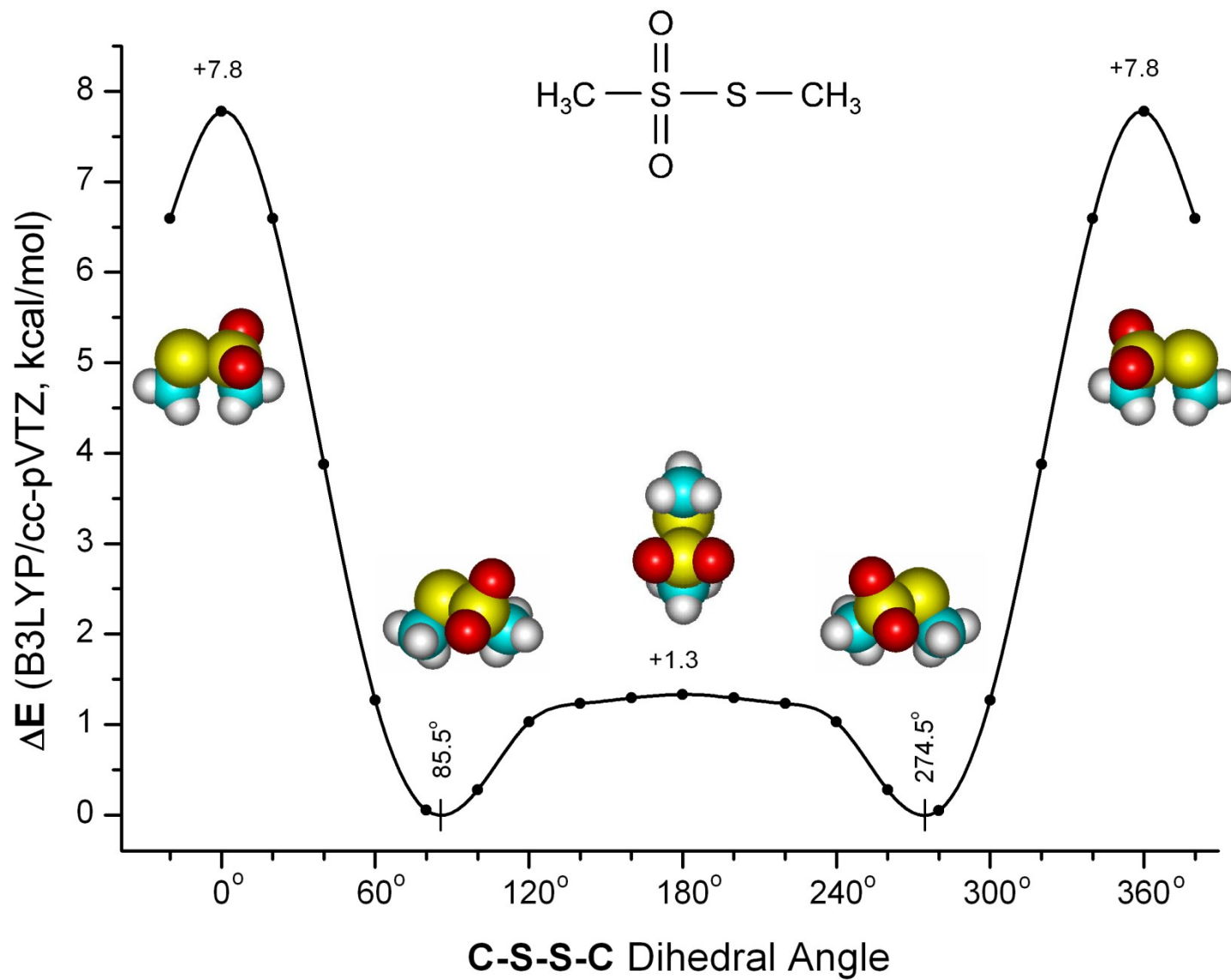


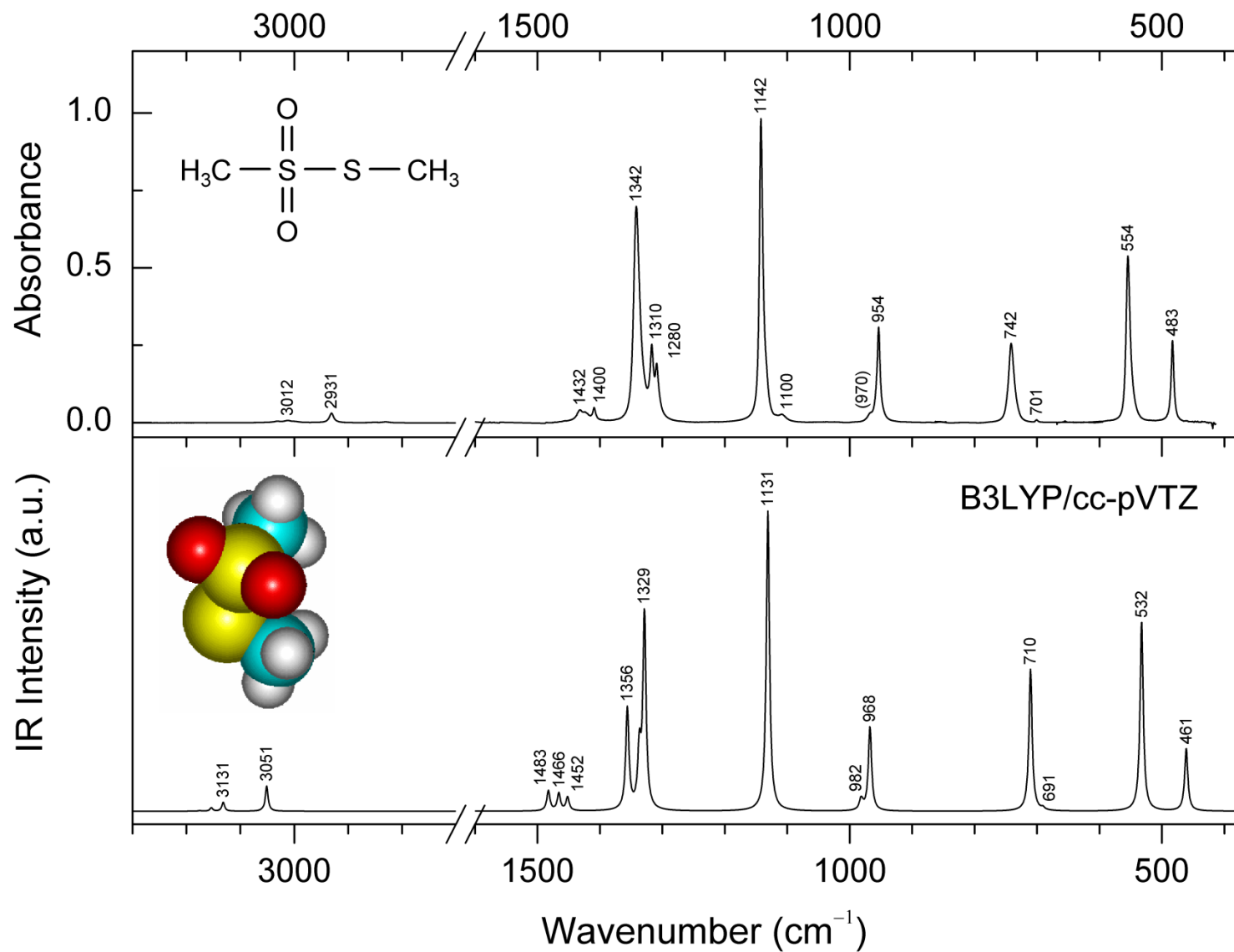
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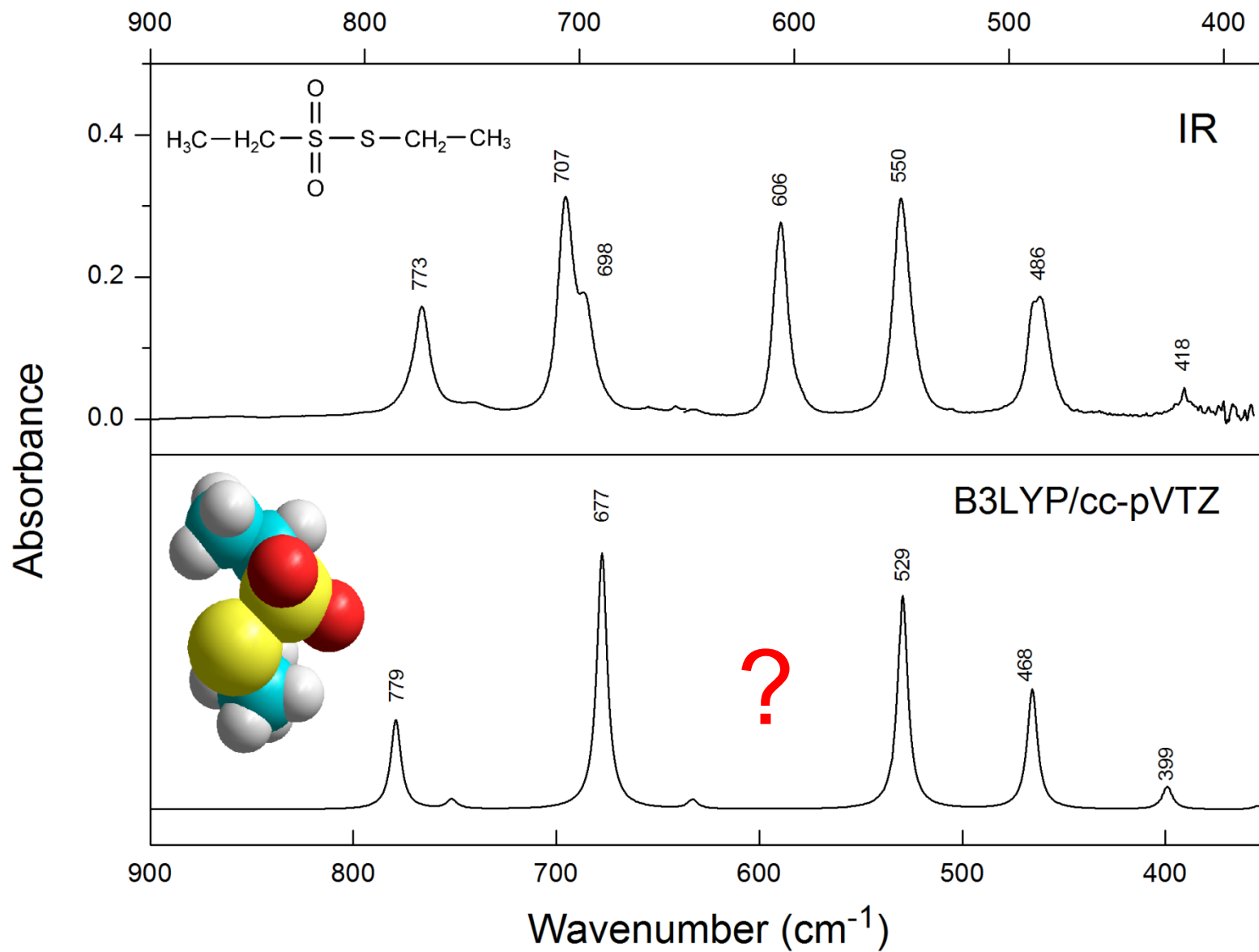
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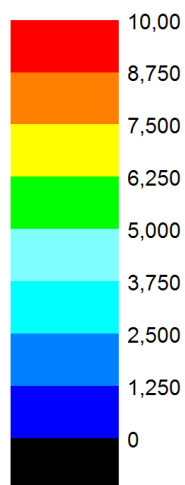






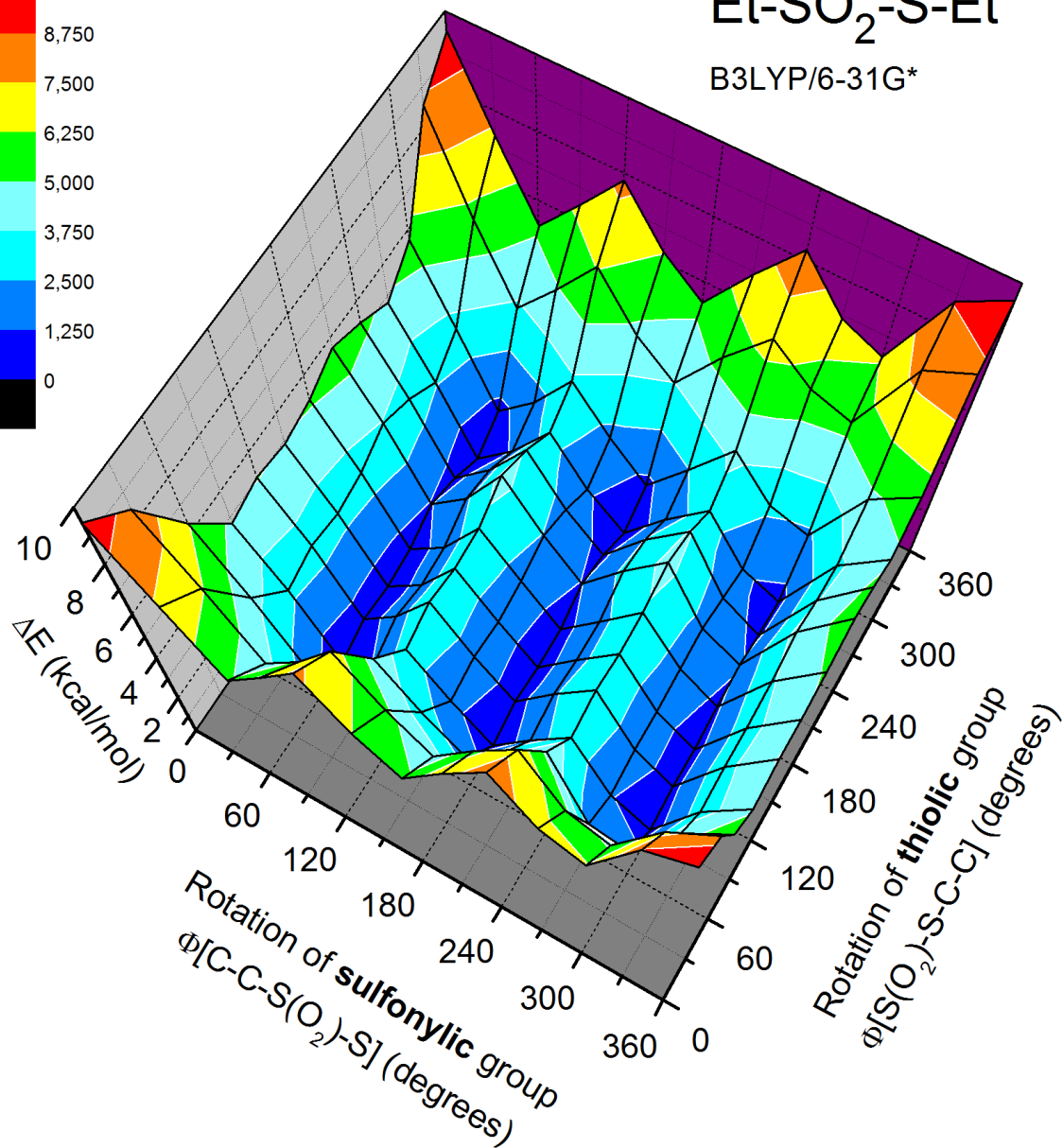
Ethyl ethanethiosulfonate



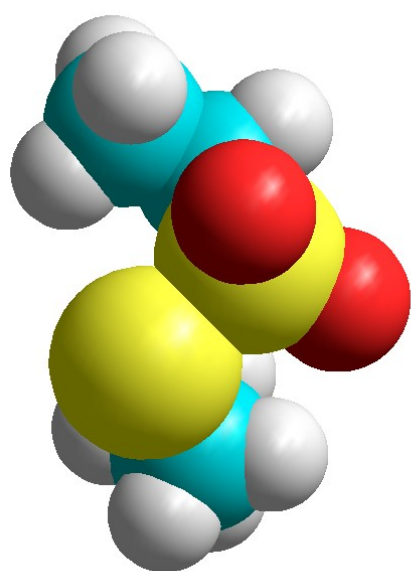


Et-SO₂-S-Et

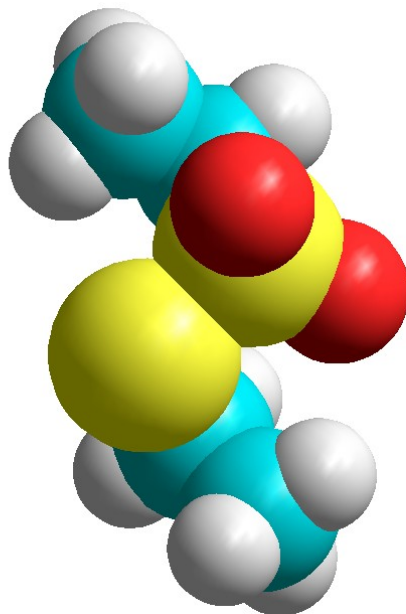
B3LYP/6-31G*



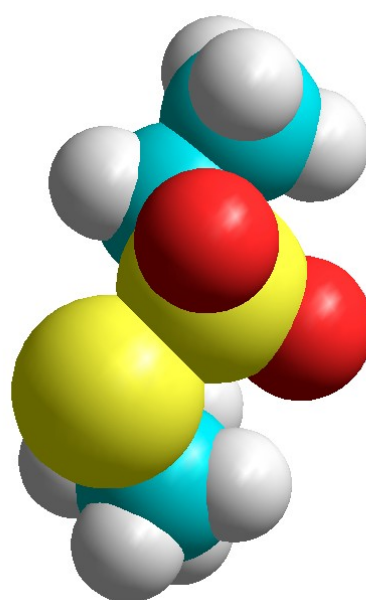
The four rotamers with lowest energy



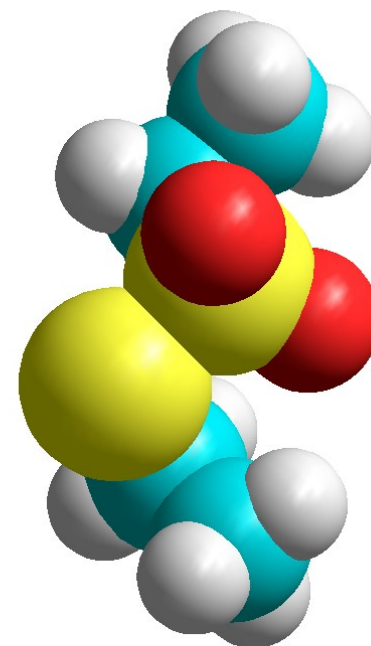
gauche(1)



gauche(2)

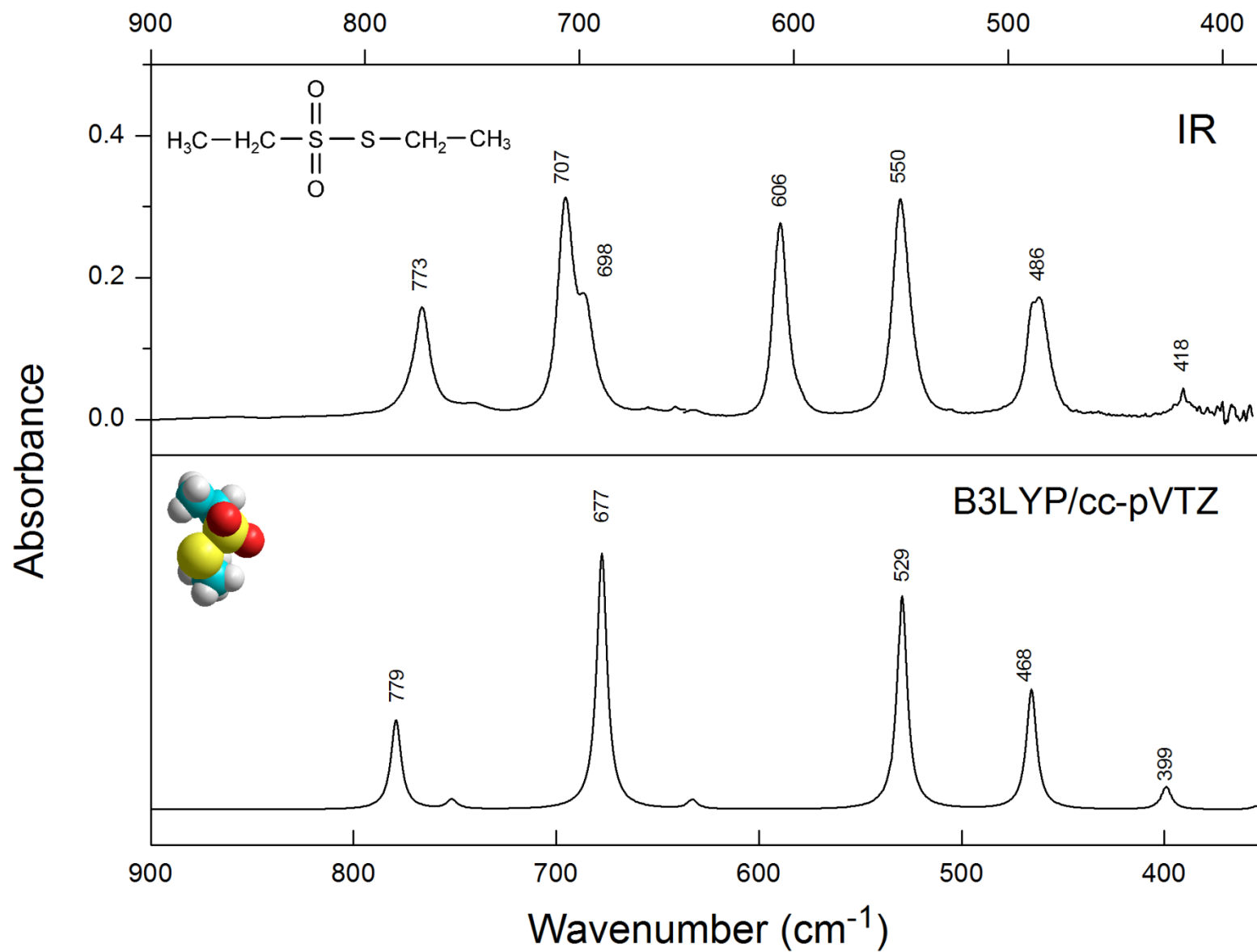


anti(1)



anti(2)

Ethyl ethanethiosulfonate



Ethyl ethanethiosulfonate

